

Passport to Europe

This half term Class Three will be finding out all about Europe. In English, we will be reading and writing our own Non-Chronological reports about foreign countries

be moving on to learning about Myths. In topic we well be contrasting the UK with countries in Eastern Europe, practising our sewing skills to make a passport holder and learning about sound in Science. Below is information regarding what we will be covering this term across the curriculum so that you can support your child at home. As ever, if you would like any further information please come and speak to me and I will gladly help. Mr Taylor Curriculum Main learning Key Skills Key vocabulary <u>Area</u> R.E. English Non-Chronological reports Develop targeted SPAG skills Myths including-Verb endings Determiners Comma/bulletpoint lists Present and Past tense Apostrophes for possession. Draft and write by:selecting appropriate grammar and vocabulary, understanding how such choices can changed to enhance meaning. Develop appropriate structure, tone and grammar when writing non-fiction texts. Maths 2d and 3d shapes Sorting and describing a range of Addition-add, plus, increase Addition and subtraction linked to statistics 2d and 3d shapes Subtraction-take away, difference, more Fractions Solving addition and subtraction than. Position and direction calculations using the most Formal written method Time efficient method. Efficient method Solving addition and subtraction Pictogram calculations linked to statistics. Bar chart Finding simple equivalent fractions Line graph Counting up in unit fractions Most popular Adding and subtracting fractions Leas popular with the same denominator. Difference Describing position on a coordinates Equivalence grip. Numerator Translating points on a grid using Denominator appropriate vocabulary. X axis Telling time to the nearest minute. Y axis Solving problems linked to the Coordinates passage of time. Right Left To describe and explain sound sources Science Sound, vibration, volume, pitch, To identify how sounds are made, • To explain how different sounds travel. Sound amplitude, loud, quiet, travel, wave, associating some of them with To explore ways to change the pitch of a sound. something vibrating. particles, ear, To investigate ways to absorb sound. To find patterns between the volume To investigate ways to absorb sound. of a sound and the strength of the To make a musical instrument to play different vibrations that produced it. sounds. To recognise that vibrations from sounds travel through a medium to

		 To recognise that sounds get fainter as the distance from the sound source increases. 	
Geography A contrasting region in Europe.	To identify the countries of Europe. To identify the capital city of a country To compare features of Eastern European landscapes with my own area. To compare the climate of Eastern European regions with that of my own area. To compare the human geography of Eastern European regions with that of my own area. To present information about one area of Eastern Europe.	 To use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied To understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom, a region in a European country 	Europe, continent, capital city, country, latitude, arctic circle, physical features, climate, human geography, land use, climate, residential, industrial,
DT Sewing	To investigate similar products to the one being made. To research the needs of the user. To identify strengths and weaknesses of my design	 To research and develop a design criterion to inform the design of innovative functional appealing products that is fit for purpose. 	Products, design, need of the user, sketch, strengths, weaknesses, design features, running stitch, blanket stitch, sewing, joining, fabrics, prototype.

the ear.



	 ideas. To develop vocabulary for tools, materials and their properties. To join fabrics using a running stitch and over sewing. To join fabrics using a blanket stitch. To sew on buttons and make loops. To design and plan more than one adaptation of my initial design. To plan a sequence of actions to make a product. To create my design and evaluate how well it meets the success criteria. 	 Select and use a wide range of materials and components including textiles. Generate and develop a model for communicating ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross sectional and exploded diagrams. To research and develop a design criterion to inform the design of innovative functional appealing products that is fit for purpose. 	
Computing e-mail	To think about different methods of communication. To open and respond to an email. To write an email to someone using an address book. To learn how to use email safely. To add an attachment to an email. To explore a simulated email scenario.	 Understand computer networks including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the world wide web; and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration Use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact. 	Communication, email, 2connect, nodes, address book, safety, report button, e-safety, email rules.
Music Rock and Roll	To say and write the names of numbers 1 to 12. To learn to respond to classroom commands. To learn the names of classroom objects. To learn Easter vocabulary and to produce an Easter card in French.	 speaking listening reading writing 	 zero, un, deux, trois, quatre, cinq, six, sept, huit, neuf, dix, onze, douze Attention! Ecoutez, silence, asseyez vous, levez-vous, touches, repetez, rangez vos affaires un stylo, un cahier, une gomme, une regle, un crayon, un crayon de couleur, des ciseaux, la colle, un feutre Paques, Joyeux Paques, un oeuf, un poussin, agneau, un lapin, une cloche, un panier, du chocolat, un nid